

THE RALEIGH NEWS

VOL. XIII-NO. 62.

EUROPE.

NOTHING DEFINITE YET.

No Desire in Berlin and Vienna to see Negotiations Succeed—Count Schouvaloff's Mission Unbated War Preparations.

LONDON, May 6.—The *Daily News*' St. Petersburgh correspondent, referring to Count Schouvaloff's mission, says: "The Russians earnestly desire an understanding with England; they believe it would be better for Russian interests than an agreement with Austria, and wish to unite with England for the benefit of the Christians, and to secure peace. The only fear is that England may make proposals humiliating to Russia. It is generally believed that in Vienna and Berlin very little desire is felt to see negotiations between Russia and England succeed."

The *Daily Telegraph* has the following from its Vienna correspondent: "Count Schouvaloff takes with him what may be considered as England's immediate minimum. Simultaneously M. Denović, the Russian ambassador, at Vienna, will be informed that Austria maintains the objections already made, from high official source that when the English an Austrian reclamations are acceded to, little or nothing of Gia Ignatius' scheme will remain."

Montenegro and Servia are giving much offense to Austria. Of Montenegro, a Government organ says: "Austria protests against the extension of the principality to the Adriatic, and will, under no circumstances permit it."

As a result of the mobilization of the army and militia reserves, thirty-five thousand trained and effective soldiers have taken their places in the ranks. The service is little apparent decrease at Wuxi Arsenal in the activity of war preparations.

The Laboratory Department has received an order for thirteen thousand casks to contain each, forty-eight pounds biscuit (crackers), to be carried on pack saddles. One thousand five hundred tons preserved meat has been received from the United States, principally from Chicago.

In well-informed quarters the early dissolution of Parliament is not now anticipated.

A conviction begins to find expression that no sanguine view is taken of the Conference. It is urged that the St. Petersburg Hall last night was occupied by all of the country communities to test the question between the committee and Kearney. The latter announced, in advance, that he would take charge of the meeting, but what may be termed the constitutional element of the party, asserted its ascendancy. A strong force of police were present, and the Kearneyites finding themselves in a minority, adjourned to the number of several hundreds, to the street, when they held an opposition meeting, and the proceedings in the hall were conducted to a peaceful and satisfactory conclusion.

The result is accepted as an indication that Kearney has lost his hold on the larger and more respectable portion of the party.

ATLANTA CONFERENCE.

(Correspondence of the News.)

ATLANTA, GA., May 7th, 1878.

SIXTH DAY.

Conference convened to day at 9 A. M. Bishop Kemper presided to day. He is the last Bishop that was elected in the Southern Methodist church. He presided alone on the same line of the preceding speakers on this question.

His speech was not very clear, nor was it very forcible.

THE SPEECH OF THE DAY

was made by Dr. Wm. Rush, of Missouri, in favor of Mr. Dameron, and in favor of re-committing the case to the committee with instructions. Mr. Rush made an able, clear and impressive speech. It was decidedly the best speech that has been made at all on the subject. Dr. Rush is a fine looking, polished gentleman, who is an honored member of his own Conference, and one of the most influential men of this General Conference. When he finished his speech, several of the delegates shook his hand in hearty congratulations. He made a very favorable impression in Dameron's favor.

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FRIDAY MAY 10, 1875

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE STATE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

ESTABLISHED IN
The News Building, No. 6 Martin Street

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Six months.	3.00
Three months.	1.50
One month.	0.75

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Memorial Day.

Among the recent expressions of opinion on the war, from the Southern standpoint, that of Gov. COLQUHOUN, of Georgia, delivered at Macon on the 26th of April, (Georgia's Memorial Day,) is the soundest, most liberal in sentiment, most patriotic and eloquent that we have seen. We herewith append its chief points:

For ages to come new and striking aspects of our great civil conflict will be discovered, and be wonderingly and admiringly told for the teaching of coming generations.

How much that has been already written of the war between the states that must be cancelled—how much said that God's eternal truth will not suffer to go down to the ages uncontested, and his need not be the cause of fresh strife.

In dignified composure—in the love of truth, and in a spirit of inexorable justice, each of the four quarters of this union must confess that the recent conflict was waged in defense of a principle on one side, and in its disavowal on the other. The rights of property were merely incidental and altogether subordinate. The grand and vital claim of self-government made up the issue and it was valuable enough for true men to risk their all in upholding. The south did not struggle for supremacy in the union, nor for booty or empire but for independence and for the defensive power in the union which the founders of the republic deemed essential to her freedom, safety and happiness.

With our honest belief in the theory of this government which had been inculcated by the fathers, how could we fold our arms and stand mute in the presence of efforts which we supposed were aimed for its overthrow? In our inmost souls we felt that the aggressive had long been assumed by that side to which the good old ways of the founders had become disastrous and wearisome, and that actual revolution had been inaugurated. A chain of dependence, fire and tempest gloom of despair came over the heart of the south, when it became evident that a majority of the people of this union had cut loose the constitutional moorings and substituted the prevailing will of a majority. If the old covenant was waived by the leaders of the "higher law" party, it left to us no peaceful shelter for refuge or security.

Here then, to-day in this vast assemblage of true hearts, and in full hearing of the whole country, let me claim and reassess for the thousandth time that the South went to war for a principle, and not for disgust or enmity to the old order of things. For the constitution as interpreted by the fathers—for the constitution with its checks and balances—for the constitution with its restraints upon power, its protection for the weak, its traditions and memories, every southern heart would have impelled its life-blood. The war as made by the south was but a struggle to preserve the principles of that constitution.

In terms of most equitable compunction we have had it said of us that the masses, so-called, had no heart for the late war. In crude rudeness it has been alleged that the leaders of our popular cause were responsible for the bloody conflict. Never did a superficial judgment convey a more stupendous blunder. The powerful motives, both of self-interest and of principle, had thoroughly aroused and united the public feeling. No Peter the hermit was needed to lash the minds of the southern people into frenzy. For thirty-five years all minds and hearts had been contemplating the chances of evading the last resort. The conviction came at last that there was no longer hope, and when the supreme hour of decision came, our millions said to each other, we are ready. Self-marched, our people needed no leaders asked none had none when making up the final arbitration.

In the smallest imaginable compass the fact might be stated. The south believed earnestly that the north loved us not—that all fraternity was gone, and that longer union with it would be at the surrender of our rights and sacrifice of our honor. Right or wrong, these were our convictions—convictions as solemn as death and mighty as the power of truth, and in the light of them our people deemed. Any history of the south will speak of division among our people and threatening and failing opposition had as well be erased. In the mighty tide of the popular will, our entire people, men, women and children, joined with such accord as left the赤裸裸 expression of dissent.

But with this oneness of spirit and union of soul all claim for preparedness for the terrible ordeal ends. Without arms or arsenals—without ships and guns—we engaged a foe worthy the steel of the most puissant power that ever accepted the gage of battle. After four years of war substantiated with unprejudiced gallantry—after a series of brilliant successes gained under unequalled disadvantages—after losses and suffering, and sacrifices surpassing in the annals of no nation, the struggle was decided against us. But we now approach from behind ground.

Not even here, surrounded and supported as I might be by vivid and

abounding sympathies, would it be at all proper to draw any comparison between the valor or desert of the contending forces. To do this at such a time as the present would be to disturb the quiet and repose of the noble dead, and invite the desecration of a ceremony that should be hallowed by the paces and sublimest of human emotions. We may not speak invidiously in our own praise, for soldiers, men true to their own colors of both well for this. But stand each other to well for this. Between us it has been for our unhappy country if all such debate had been left to the men of the "Blue and the Gray." From the impulse of a generous and self-respecting courage, we would long ago have had as a peace offering between brothers estranged all the reassuring and conciliating admissions that would have brought us by a touch of mercy into each other's arms.

Unfortunately policy and politicians thought differently, and civil strife had its sufferings intensified by bitter pangs in the shape of humiliations, which entered into the soul like bars of steel. I pass all the blame to the men of it. Let us the blamers and the wrongs which were born of revenge and resentment, to the cooling and correcting process of time and our religion. This does not forbid the tribute of fervid eulogy over the graves of our dead, or check us in our praise as our team be dew the tuft that rests over them.

Our great and good chieftain expressed the truest estimate of our rank and file, when with aching heart and tremulous voice, he said, as he pointed to his ragged and war-worn hosts, "Ab, there stand the men whom history will delight to honor after all this is over. It will not be us who command, but the men you have sent me, the men who should reap the praise."

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Bill Kull.
No. 25 OLD STREET, PETERSBURG, VA.

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Mar 10-12

W. F. ASKEW,
(Successor to Falls of Neuse Manufacturing Company.)

MANUFACTURER OF

Boots, News, Manilla and Wrapping Paper. Orders promptly filled. Post Office, Neuse, N. C. Two cents per lb. in cash paid for good. Cotton Rags. All kinds of paper. New, old, used, rejected and held for 3 days, subject to the shipper's order.

Jan 2-4

W. M. ALLEN.

WM. CRAM.

Allen & Cram,

Manufacturers and Importers of

ENGINE,

MILL & GENERAL MACHINERY,

PLOWS, &c., &c.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Manufacturers and dealers in

ENGINES

Stationary and Portable.

SAW AND GRIST MILLS, THRESHERS, SEPARATORS.

Shafting, Pulleys, Boxes and

other machinery.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED.

Jan 17-18

DRUGS.

PESCU, LEE & CO.,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Drugg

DAILY NEWS.

MAY 10, 1875.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Each subscriber will see printed on the yellow label on which his name is printed, the date of his subscription will expire. Subscribers desirous of renewing so in time and avoid losing any copy of their paper, may send their failing to receive a copy. This paper will be a favor by notifying this editor.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Ten lines of old No 1 per line to continue a week. Per square ten lines nonpareil insertion \$1.00, each subsequent insertion 50 cents.

Label no less 20 cents per line each insertion.

No advertisement inserted for less than

Contracts for advertisements for any space time can be made at the news counter.

CONTRACTS will positively not be allowed to exceed 12 months, or advertisement other than legitimate business except by paying special for the same.

(From the South Atlantic.

A Memorial Psalm.

FOR THE TENTH OF MAY.

Past, the clash and clang of battle,
Past, the terrors, trial & fears;

Yet, we meet in tears.

Not a sound of exultation
breaks the silence, solemn deep;

On the death-day of a nation,

Is it strange we weep?

But the boughs that we render
soften with a proud tenor,

And a joy supremely tender,

Mingle with our grief.

For the heroes' rest from us,

Have not lived or died in vain;

And their memory's balm of promise:

Spare our years of pain!

Countless eyes have gazed upon them,

Cuntless hearts grown to have them by

Then the God of glory.

He had such to die!

Where had been the Church's honor,

When the overwhelming flood

Her foes flushed fierce upon her,

But for martyrs' blood?

IX

Let us gather, as the laurel,

Now we av above the sad,

Let their lives majestic moral,

Walt, and trust in God:

—MARGARET J. PRESTO S.

STATE NEWS.

Several serious cutting scrapes have

occurred in Wilmington within the last

two or three days.

Tarboro Southerner: We understand that Major Rogers, Vice-President, and Capt. J. M. McCallum, Engineer of the W. & T. R. R., are now in Martin county for the purpose of making a survey, in conjunction with Mr. Fisher, manager of the W. & J. P. R., of the road from Dymond City to Robersonville.

Bakersville Republican: Dudley Ollis and Philmore Janes were arrested and lodged in jail by the sheriff of this country, on a capias from Caldwell County, charged with the murder of Barber a year ago. These two with others composed a party of Revenue officers, and when the killing was done were endeavoring to arrest the Barriers for illicit distilling.

Charlotte Observer: Monday morning Mr. R. C. Cook, a well-known citizen of Concord, a magistrate and a lawyer, was stricken with paralysis, and the physician says his recovery is doubtful. The doctor says the recovery of the mammoth compressor which is to be located at the cotton platform, has arrived, and about twenty-five laborers are engaged in the work of erecting it.

New Bern *Net Shell*: Miss Mary A. Smith, a domestic in the family of the keeper of Hatteras Inlet Light House, met her death on the 27th ult. She was engaged in her daily routine of house cleaning and while putting out her beds to air over the range she dropped a pillow, and in her attempt to regain it fell through the trap door in the promenade deck, breaking her neck.

Charlotte Observer: The convention of the Democrats of Gaston county, held at Dallas, Tuesday, declared for Hon. W. H. Smith for chief justice, and Hon. W. Ashe and Judge David Schenck for associate Justices. Judge Shipp was also supported as associate justice. The convention also unanimously declared for Capt. C. E. Grier for solicitor of this judicial district.

Murfreesboro Enquirer: There probably never was a better fishing season than the past has been; and taking all things into consideration, it is quite a God-send to our people. The prices have been unusually low, and every body seems to have been supplied. Our fish have been of the finest quality and have taken out their scales. It is something unusual for fishermen to take out their scales some ten or fifteen days before the usual time, and when they were catching 100,000 at their last hauls.

The Common Enemy.
In order to make his way against the common enemy, Disease, it is necessary to oppose him with persistence. It very frequently happens that the disease is not the necessary of the case, if persisted in, is condemned and thrown aside as a few days' cure is a malady. However reasonable and unfeeling we may be, regard to Hostetter's stomach balsam, one of the most popular and highly recommended nostrums, is a most invigorating and an invariably successful remedy for constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaints, rheumatism and gout, inveteracy and the like. The balsam is made as a smooth oil. He writes his freedom, as he ought, to Giles' Liniment, Balsam, &c. sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet.

DR. GILES,
141 Sixth Avenue, N. Y.

50 cents per box.

W. C. MORGAN, Manager.

au2dawly

Prescription Free.

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF SEMINAL

WASTES, LOST MANHOOD, AND ALL

DEMONSTRATED BY INDUCTION OR EXCESS.

All Druggist has the ingredients.

Address DR. JACQUES & CO.,

130 W. Sixth St., Cincinnati, O.

jan 1-14

Notice.

The North Carolina Medical Board of Examiners will meet in Goldsboro, Tuesday, 14th May, 1875, and continue in session till the business for the year is transacted.

The table will be supplied with every luxury and substantial that can be procured from the best dealers.

There is an excellent Saloon connected with the Hotel, where the very best wines, liquors & cigars may be had all the time.

Price 25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, &c.

Children and servants half price.

Special contracts with excursionists and parties wishing to remain longer than one week.

DR. G. K. BAGBY,

Proprietor.

DR. GILES,

Proprietor.

DR. JACQUES & CO.,

Proprietors.

DR. JACQUES & CO.,

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DAILY NEWS

FRIDAY MAY 10, 1878

The City.

The Mails.

The mail service is as follows: Raleigh & Gaston, 10:30 a. m.; Western, 12:30 p. m.; Eastern, 3:30 p. m.; United, 6:30 p. m. The office opens for delivery of the mail as follows: W. W. HOLDEN, P. M.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—For the South Atlantic a dull State, stationary with a clear party cloudy weather, possibly followed by warmer south winds and falling barometer on the Gulf coast.

Index to New Advertisements.

R. BELL, JR.—Lager Beer. A. P. WILEY—Bank Statement. W. A. MYATT—Groceries. J. C. LUMSDEN—Local notice.

Local Briefs.

On our first page will be found a list of the Confederate dead who repose in Oakwood.

A drummer's license has been issued to Staley, Koon & Co., Baltimore, Md.

The new cross belt plates ordered for the Raleigh Light Infantry, have arrived, and will be delivered to members at the armory this evening, for 35 cents each.

The store at the corner of Hargett and Wilmington streets, formerly kept by Tonneski, has just been occupied by Mr. F. B. Hill, who will keep a family grocery store. There will be no liquor sold.

Attention R. L. I.

Meet promptly this afternoon at 3 o'clock. By order of Lt. FERRALL, Commanding. R. J. WILLIAMS, O. S.

Mayor's Court.

Deia Spencer, a colored nymph du vase, was arrested on charges preferred by another African traitor, of having assaulted her. The case will be tried to day.

Religious Notes.

Rev. J. M. Atkinson, D. D., of the Second Presbyterian Church, will be absent in Pittsboro on Sunday next, so no services will be held in his church on that day.

Attention!

The members of the Rescue Steam Fire Company will meet promptly at 2 o'clock, this p. m., in full uniform, to escort the ladies of the Memorial Association to the cemetery. By order of the foreman, W. J. WEIR.

Artillery Attention.

The members of Raleigh Light Artillery will meet at the Baptist Grove this afternoon, between the hours of two and three, in full uniform, in order to take part in the exercises of Memorial day.

Magistrate's Court.

Justice C. D. Upchurch tried the case, yesterday, of the State and Nancy Ann Whitaker vs. Burwell Whitaker. The charge against Burwell was beating Nancy, his wife. Judgment was suspended for 30 days, on the husband's entering into a bond to keep the peace towards the woman.

Hook and Ladder.

The Raleigh Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, are hereby ordered to meet promptly at 3 o'clock this afternoon, in full uniform, at the Truck Room, to attend Memorial ceremonies. By order of T. L. LOVE, Foreman.

Observance of Memorial Day.

It is most earnestly trusted that this afternoon will be observed as a general holiday. The day has never been properly observed here. Business houses open, people at work, careless of those gentle courtesies of life whose observance adds so much to our pleasures. Our people are surely warm-hearted and tender in their feelings, and would they pause to think of how such days should be kept, a happy change would be seen at once.

Pensions for Soldiers in War of 1812.

Under the act, any person who served 14 days or participated in one battle, in the war of 1812, is entitled to a pension of \$8 per month from date of approval of act. Widows of such soldiers as have died after such service, no matter what was the date of marriage to the soldier, are entitled to the same pension. But if married subsequent to Feb. 17, 1815, (date of the ratification of a treaty of peace) widows are not entitled unless their husbands served 60 or more days.

County Commissioners.

The Board was in session yesterday. The following persons were drawn to serve as jurors for the term of the Superior Court, to be held here Monday, June 24th, 1878:—T. E. Blevins, Charles Riddick, R. W. Davis, J. D. Francis, Guilford Hollister, J. F. Bailey, W. R. Brown, B. H. Boulton, Solomon Jones, John Hall and Henry Parish. Second week—Isaac Young, Grandison Rogers, E. C. Fowler, J. T. Lynn, W. F. Davis, W. G. Page, A. W. Council, J. R. Page, J. H. Chappell, J. T. Glenn, Stanly Certain and R. C. Foster.

A committee was appointed to let out the contract for recovering the bridge over Crabtree, on the Louisburg road.

A number of orders were allowed. The Sheriff and Treasurer will settle day with the committee appointed.

Agricultural Notes.

W. T. Caho, Esq., of Pamlico county, sends to the Department of Agriculture magnificent specimens of red clover grown in Pamlico county. It is 4 feet high, and exceedingly luxuriant.

James S. Lane, Esq., of the same county, sends specimens of orchard grass of finest quality, and over 4 feet high. Also some red-top grass 2 feet high. These show what our eastern counties are doing in the way of crops. Where only a few years past, these grains and grasses were but seldom, if ever, cultivated, and then produced but medium results; now, keeping pace with that spirit of agricultural progress which animates the old North State, Pamlico, with her sister counties, is producing crops of astonishing vigor.

We learn, though, that the rust, that dredd enemy, has made its appearance in the wheat crop of Pamlico, but it is hoped may not prove disastrous.

Mr. Lane, who sends the grasses, is also the proprietor of a large young vineyard, and will produce great quantities of sparkling wine this year.

Mr. D. C. Murray, Steward of the State Penitentiary, sends to the Department some fine specimens of prolific corn, of which 6 ears on a single stalk are shown.

The Complimentary Hop.

At an occasion where pleasure of the highest order come to those present, without the seeking, the hop given by the members of Judge Strong's Law School, last evening, stands among the best of the season. The elegant and spacious dining hall of the Yarborough was the scene of one of the most brilliant gatherings ever held there. The young gentlemen present were assiduous in their attentions, while the fair sex of our city never appeared to more advantage.

The following participated in the dances: Misses Bettie Haywood, Kate Snow, Ellen Hale, Minnie Rogers, Bessie Bachelor, Malvina Wood, Annie Snow, Lavinia Wood, Jennie Baker, Mamie Lewis, Minnie Strong, Jennie Strong, Liva Cowper, Mamie Blackwell, Nellie May, Mrs. W. R. Gales, Mrs. A. C. Sanders, Mrs. I. J. Young. We observed the following ladies as lookers-on: Mrs. S. Kenan, Mrs. E. G. Haywood, Mrs. Wm. Little, Miss Fanlie Hoopes, of Baltimore, Miss Carrie Strong, Miss Kate Fisher, and others.

Judge Strong also lent an added dignity to the affair by his presence. It should be a matter of congratulation to that gentleman, as well as to his pupils, that this, the first ball under their auspices, should have been such an exceedingly pleasant occasion. Not soon will the memory of the evening's pleasures pass from the minds of the participants.

Fun in Prospect.

On Friday evening next, the Baby-Show, so much talked of, so long looked for, will be given at the Session room of the First Presbyterian church.

The committee meets in a day or so, and will elect a member to supply the place of Col. W. H. H. Tucker.

It has been decided, we are informed by Mr. W. C. Stronach, one of the managers, to offer three premiums.

The first will be given to the baby who may receive the greatest number of votes, and will be a gold prize.

The second prize will be given to that baby who exhibits the largest number of children of three years of age and under.

The third prize will be awarded the lady exhibiting best twins.

In order to give all an opportunity to cast a vote, the tickets of admission will be sold at ten cents, and each ticket held entitles its owner to a vote.

All our city mothers are requested to send in their children. None need be afraid to do so, as a committee of careful ladies have been appointed to take care of all the little ones, so they will be tenderly cared for.

By the cooperation of all, this can be made an entertainment of most enjoyable character.

The proceeds, too, are to be applied to church purposes. A programme of the affair will be issued in a day or so.

City Finances.

We print to-day the reports of the several city officials, showing their receipts and disbursements. We do this in order that the tax payers may see how their money goes, and through whose hands it passes. They are entitled to the information, and we present it to them. It is, we repeat, a wonderfully creditable exhibit, and it is just to the officials that they should undergo public scrutiny. If they can't stand so much the worse for them; then let them have the benefit of word from the people whom they have served.

LEO D. HABITT, Treasurer.

In Account with City of Raleigh, Dr.

1877.

May 4. To cash balance on hand..... \$ 457.02

April 13. To taxes from G. H. Williams, col. 34; 23.09

To taxes from A. C. Royston, collector..... 24.04

To rent of Market from G. H. Williams, Dr. 24.12

J. A. Harris 41.70

J. W. Lee, 142.67

To taxes from T. W. Lee, 3.48.41

To rents of Metro-politan Hall, J. W. Lee, 3.88.05

To fines from J. W. Lee, 6.83.33

To fines of colored geometry, 15.25

T. C. Morris, T. S. Evans, 132.07

To cash on hand, on judgment against white- 60.00

black..... 6.00

By city warants..... \$41,929.02

By cash balance on hand..... 1,209.95

To cash balance on hand..... \$43,889.97

May 10, 1878.

To cash balance on hand..... \$3,139.95

W. E. ANDERSON, COMM. S SAVING FUND.

In Account with City of Raleigh, Dr.

May 1, 1877.

To balance..... \$ 2,611.79

By interest on G. H. Williams, Collector..... 8,924.93

To cash from Citizens' Natl. Bank..... 1,425.09

To interest on above loan by K. P. Hill, 2,701.00

To interest on above loan..... 1.75

By purchase of market bonds..... \$43,000

To cash from G. H. Williams, Dr. 1,209.95

To cash from G. H. Williams, Dr. 1,209.95

To cash balance on hand..... \$1,558.47

To balance on hand..... \$ 2,404.32

J. W. LEE, CHIEF OF POLICE.

In Account with City of Raleigh, Dr.

From license collected..... 3,458.41

To rents of Market Hall..... 348.05

To rents of Market..... 242.67

To sales of lots in colored cemetery, Cu. 120.25

By cash paid L. D. Heart, Treasurer..... \$ 245.04

To balance on hand..... \$ 2,404.32

A. D. ROYSTER, COLLECTOR.

In Account with City of Raleigh, Dr.

To amount collected from city scales..... \$ 396.21

By commissions..... \$ 264.14

To cash paid L. D. Heart, Treasurer..... 132.07

To balance on hand..... \$ 396.21

S. T. O'NEAL, WEIGHMASTER.

In Account with City of Raleigh, Dr.

To amount collected from tax lists, 1876..... \$ 55.13

To amount collected on tax lists, 1877..... 189.51

By cash paid L. D. Heart, Treasurer..... \$ 245.04

To balance on hand..... \$ 245.04

GEORGE H. WILLIAMS, COLLECTOR.

In Account with City of Raleigh, Dr.

To collect on tax list, 1875-6, Dr. 239.04

" 1876, 247.02

" 1877, 307.02

By cash paid L. D. Heart, Treasurer..... 2,474.31

To balance on hand..... \$ 46,133.51

P. C. WALKER'S SALOON.

Correspondence of the News.

OXFORD, N. C., May 7, 1878.

The entire Democratic ticket for town officers was elected on Monday.

Before the election, the Hads were full of boasting and defiance.

After the election, the Hads were full of boasting and defiance.

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